NAS355N

High Corrosion Resistant Nickel Alloy

NAS355N is a high corrosion resistant nickel alloy, providing corrosion resistance in high-concentration chloride ion or sulfuric acid environments and in extremely severe corrosive environments where both high-concentration chloride ions and sulfuric acid exist. Nickel content of this alloy has been significantly reduced compared to conventional high corrosion resistant nickel alloys, making it a good balance between cost and corrosion resistance performance. Nippon Yakin supplies this product in plate, sheet and strip form.

Grade/Standard

| Nippon Yakin Grade | JIS | ASTM | EN |
|--------------------|-----|------|----|
| NAS355N | _ | _ | _ |

Chemical Composition

[wt %]

| | С | Si | Mn | Р | S | Ni | Cr | Мо | Cu | N |
|-------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Specification (NAS355N) | ≦0.030 | ≦1.00 | ≦1.00 | ≦0.020 | ≦0.005 | 35.00~ 36.00 | 22.00~ 24.00 | 7.00~ 8.00 | 3.00~ 4.00 | 0.19~ 0.24 |

Physical Properties

| Density | [g/cm³] | | 8.16 |
|--|--------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| Specific heat | [J/kg·K] | | 431 |
| Electrical resistivirity | $[\mu\Omega\cdot cm]$ | | 107.4 |
| Thermal conductivity | $[W/m \cdot K]$ | | 9.99 |
| Average coefficient of thermal expansion | n [10 ⁻⁶ /°C] | 30~100°C | 13.7 |
| | | 30~200°C | 14.2 |
| | | 30~300°C | 14.5 |
| | | 30~400°C | 14.9 |
| Young's modulus | [MPa] | | 18.7×10^4 |
| Magnetism | Magnetism | | |
| Melting range | Iting range [°C] | | |

Mechanical Properties

Mechanical Properties at Room Temperature

| | 0.2% proof stress | Tensile strength | Elongation | | Hardness | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|------------|------|----------|--------|
| | [N/mm ²] | [N/mm ²] | [%] | [HV] | [HBW] | [HRBW] |
| Specification (NAS355N) | ≧295 | ≧640 | ≧35 | ≦230 | ≦217 | ≦96 |
| Example Cold-rolled sheet 2mm ^t | 422 | 807 | 49 | 196 | _ | 91 |

Corrosion Resistance

Pitting Corrosion Resistance

| Alloy | ASTM G48 | Method A | ASTM G48 Method C | | |
|---------|-----------|------------|---|--|--|
| Alloy | 22°C 50°C | | Critical pitting temperature (CPT) (°C) | | |
| NAS335X | \circ | × | 30 | | |
| NAS64 | \circ | \bigcirc | 55 | | |
| NAS185N | \circ | \circ | 70 | | |
| NAS254N | \circ | \circ | 80 | | |
| NAS354N | 0 | \circ | 103 | | |
| NAS355N | \circ | \circ | 100 | | |

Test conditions ASTM G48 Method A (○: No pitting corrosion, ×: Pitting corrosion)

- Test solution: 6%FeCl₃
- Test temperature: 22°C, 50°C (Recommended temperature in this test)
- Test time: 72h

ASTM G48 Method C

- Test solution: 6%FeCl₃ + 1%HCl
- Test time: 72h

Crevice Corrosion Resistance

| Alloy | ASTM G48 Method D |
|---------|---|
| Alloy | Critical crevice corrosion temperature (CCT) (°C) |
| NAS335X | <0 |
| NAS64 | 30 |
| NAS185N | 40 |
| NAS254N | 45 |
| NAS354N | 60 |
| NAS355N | 55 |

Test conditions ASTM G48 Method D

- Test solution: 6%FeCl₃ + 1%HCl
- Test time: 72h

Stress Corrosion Cracking Resistance

| Alloy | 45% (155°C) | 42% (143°C) | 40% (138°C) | 38% (134°C) | 35% (126°C) | 30% (115°C) | 25% (110°C) | 20% (108°C) |
|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| NAS335X | × | × | × | × | \circ | \circ | \circ | \bigcirc |
| NAS64 | × | × | × | × | × | × | \circ | \bigcirc |
| NAS185N | × | × | × | × | \circ | \bigcirc | \circ | \bigcirc |
| NAS254N | × | × | × | \circ | \circ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |
| NAS354N | × | \circ | \circ | \circ | \circ | \circ | \circ | \bigcirc |
| NAS355N | × | \bigcirc | \circ | \circ | \circ | \bigcirc | \bigcirc | \bigcirc |

- Test conditions Immersion in boiling MgCl₂ solution
 - Test time: 300h
 - U-bend test specimen is used.

○: No stress corrosion cracking, ×: Stress corrosion cracking

Acid Resistance

| Alloy | | Corrosion rate in sulfuric acid at 80°C (mm/y) | | | | | |
|---------|-------|--|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Alloy | 5% | 10% | 20% | 40% | 60% | 80% | |
| NAS335X | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 2.15 | |
| NAS64 | <0.01 | 0.02 | 1.07 | 191.9 | 1054 | 60.72 | |
| NAS185N | 0.02 | 0.04 | 1.32 | 2.89 | 3.20 | 4.78 | |
| NAS254N | 0.02 | 0.05 | 1.02 | 2.11 | 2.16 | 7.76 | |
| NAS354N | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 2.06 | 3.02 | 4.99 | |
| NAS355N | <0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 1.12 | |

Test time: 24h

| Alloy | Corrosion rate in hydrochloric acid at 80°C (mm/y) | | | | | | |
|---------|--|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| Alloy | 0.1% | 1% | 2% | 3% | | | |
| NAS64 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 12.94 | 30.51 | | | |
| NAS185N | 0.01 | 0.02 | 4.20 | 7.21 | | | |
| NAS254N | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 9.14 | | | |
| NAS354N | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 7.35 | | | |
| NAS355N | _ | <0.01 | 0.02 | 3.65 | | | |

Test time: 24h

(Reference)

| Alloy | JIS | UNS No. | Chemical composition |
|---------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| NAS335X | NCF020 | N08020 | 20Cr-33Ni-2.5Mo-3Cu-0.4Nb |
| NAS64 | SUS329J4L | S32506 | 25Cr-6.5Ni-3.3Mo-0.17N |
| NAS185N | SUS312L | S31254 | 20Cr-18Ni-6Mo-0.8Cu-0.2N |
| NAS254N | SUS836L | S32053 | 23Cr-25Ni-5.5Mo-0.2N |
| NAS354N | NCF354 | N08354 | 23Cr-35Ni-7.5Mo-0.2N |
| NAS355N | - | _ | 23Cr-35Ni-7.5Mo-3Cu-0.2N |

Workability

The hot and cold workability of NAS355N is basically the same as that of standard austenitic stainless steels such as Type 304, Type 316, etc. However, the fact that this is a high-strength material must be considered in both cold and hot working processes.

Weldability

Various welding methods are applicable in the same manner as with standard austenitic stainless steels, including shielded metal arc welding, TIG welding, and plasma welding. Alloy 276 welding consumable should be used.

Heat Treatment

Solution heat treatment is performed at 1030°C~1180°C using water cooling.

Pickling

A mixture of nitric acid and hydrofluoric acid is used in pickling. However, due to the high corrosion resistance of NAS355N, scale is somewhat difficult to remove in comparison with Type 304. Therefore, the material should be immersed in an alkaline solution before pickling, or if possible, shot blasting is extremely effective.

Applications

Chemical plants, Flue gas desulfurization plants, Heat exchangers, Environment-related equipment.

For more information, please contact:

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